Where and when They appeared here: the beginnings of Czech state and its rise

5HD280 From Havel to Kafka

Lecture 1



EVROPSKÁ UNIE Evropské strukturální a investiční fondy Operační program Výzkum, vývoj a vzdělávání



Arrival of the Czechs – a Legend

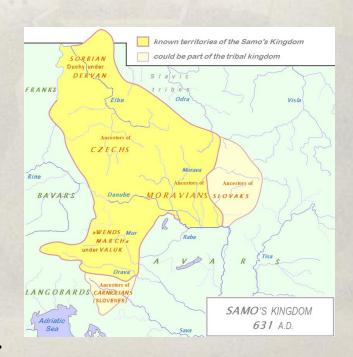


Říp Mountain by Luděk Marold

Migration of Nations and arrival of the Slavs

Empire of Samo

- 626-658/661
- Union of Slavic Tribes
- Samo was a Frank tradesman
- Battle at Wogastisburg in 631
 - Samo defeated Franks King Dagobert I.



Picturez form Czech Histori



Great Moravian Empire

- Existed from 830 to 906
- Established by forced joining of Nitravian principality to Moravian principality
- The heyday of the Empire took place during the rule of prince
 Svatopluk from 870s to early 890s
- After his death Step piecemeal loss of the territory
- In 905–906 Hungarians probably attacked the Empire
 - Death of the prince Mojmír II.

Great Moravian Empire



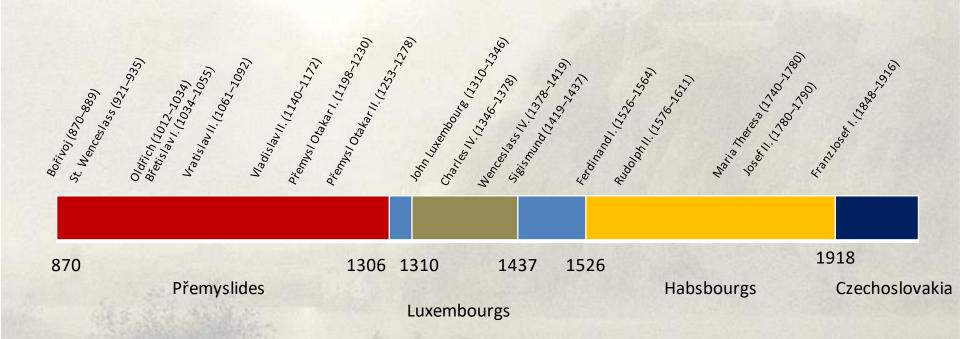
Great Moravian Empire

831: Moravian nobility was baptized

Mission of Constantine a Methodius

- A request to pope Nicolas I. was unsuccessful
- Prince Rastilsav asked Byzantine emperor Michael III
- 863 brothers Constantine and Methodius came to Moravia
 - They were evangelizing country in Old Church Slavonic language
 - They devised Glagolitic alphabet

Time axis and dynasites and rulers over Czech lands



The Begining



A legend

- Plowman Přemysl
- Three daughters of mythic principal Krok
- Princess Libuše
 - oracular cababilites
- Men felt to be ashamed by female ruler

Libuše



The first documented ruler

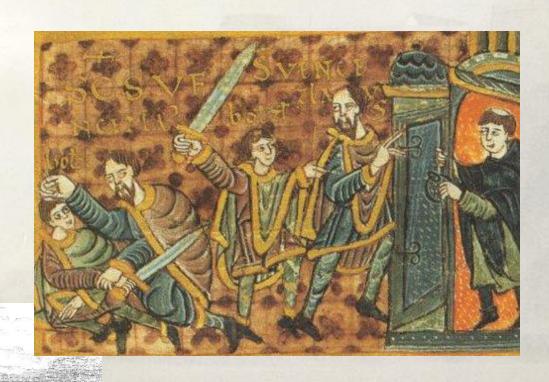
- Prince Bořivoj (870–889)
- Moved from Levý Hradec to Prague
- Reason: disputes with other Czech formen
- Baptized by Methodius
 - Subordinated to Great Moravian Empire

Prince Wenceslas

- St. Wenceslas (922/5–929/35)
- Well educated
- Very religious
- Murdered by his brother
 Boleslav I.
 - -28.9.929/939



Prince Wenceslas



Unification of Czech territory

- 28.9.995
- Soldiers of the Prince Boleslav II. Killed allmost all the members of the Slavník's clan in Libice





Oldrich and Bretislav

- Oldřich (975–1034)
- Coup against the brother Jaromír

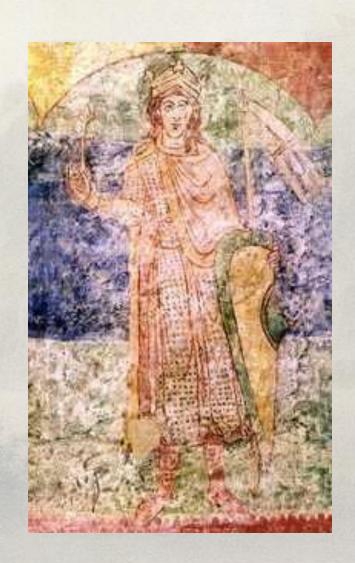
- Břetislav (1003–1055)
 - Illegitimate son
 - Seniority rule
 - Judith from Schweinfurt





Vratislav II.

- First Czech king
- Helped emperor Henry VI.
 Against the Pope Gregory
- 15.6.1086 Coronation in Prague
- Old Czech legends (Cosmas)

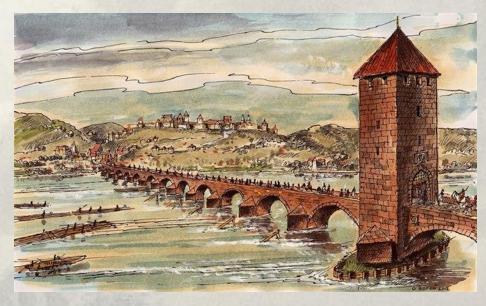


Vladislav II.

- Contemporary of Emperor Friedrich I.
 Barbarossa
- Vladislav bewcame his ally when he fought with italian cities
- Coronation in Regensburg 11.1.1158
- Ordered to built Judith bridge in Prague, predecessor of Chrales Bridge

Vladislav II.





Premysl Otakar I.

- New relations to the Holy Roman Empire
- 1212 Golden Bull of Sicilly by Emperor Friedrich II.
 - Hereditary royal title was confirmed
- Czech kingdom became important power in central Europe



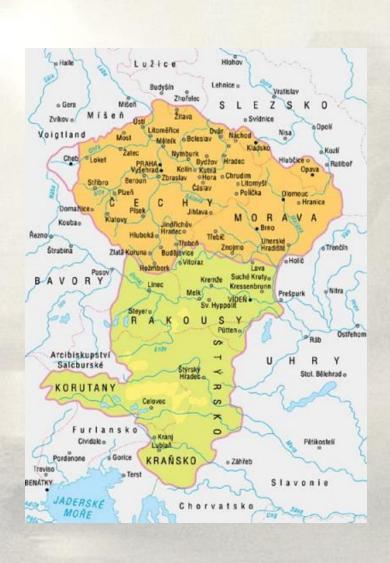
The Iron and Golden King

Přemysl Otakar II. (1233-1278)

- Extended the territory of Czech kingdom
- Wanted to be Holy Roman Emperor
- Did not accept the election of Rudolph I.
 Habsburg as a holy roman emperor →
 - Battle on Moravian field (now in Austria near the Czech Border)



The Iron and Golden King



The Iron and Golden King

- Founder of many cities and towns
- Abroad For example Königsberg (Kaliningrad today)
- Home for example České Budějovice or New town of Prague under Prague castle (Lesser Town today)

The end of Premyslid dynasty

- Václav III was killed in
 Olomouc during the
 campain to Poland in 1306
- He had no male descendants



The Luxembourgs

 Czech nobilty and dignitaires decided to chose the son of Holy Roman emperor Henry VII –
 John the Luxembourg as new Czech king



John the Luxembourg

- King the foreigner (John Blind)
- Involved in the politics in western Europe, mostly in Italy
- His activities were very costly
- He extended the Territory of Czech kingdom
- Disputes with Czech aristocracy

John the Luxembourg

- Battle at Crécy 26.8.1346
- A part of hundred years war between England and France
- "Far be it that the King of Bohemia should run away.
 Instead, take me to the place where the noise of the battle is the loudest. The Lord will be with us. Nothing to fear. Just take good care of my son."

John the Luxembourg





- Born 1316 died 1378
- The greatest Czech (TV questionnaire, 2005)
- Father of the Country
- Tried to make Czech lands a centre of the Holy
 Roman Empire a base of his dynastic policy
- Founder of many new institutions

- Originaly was named Václav
- Imprisoned in Loket castle and then Křivoklát
 Castle by his father
- In 1323–1330 educated in Paris
- After 1330 disputes with his father when returned to Bohemia







- First Czech ruler that became

 Emperor of the Holy Roman Empire
- 1346 King of Romans
- 1355 Emperor
 - Had to get support in Germany first
 - Coronated in Rome on January 5th

Four wives of Charles IV.



Blanche of Valois



Anna of Pfalz



Anna von Schweidnitz



Elizabeth of Pomerania

As a founder and promoter

- 1348 University in Prague
- 1348 New City of Prague
- 1357 Charles Bridge
- Castles:
 - Karlštein (1348)
 - Kašperk (1356)
 - Lauf an der Pergnitz (1356)



Charles Bridge



- Contancts with italian humanists and writers
- Francesco Petrarca (Petrarch)
 - They changed several letters
- Cola di Rienzo
 - Imprisoned in Bohemia and send back to Rome

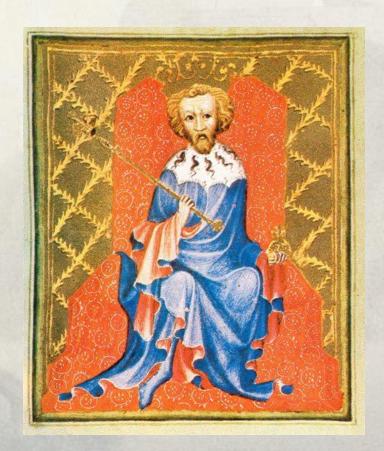
Crown Jewels



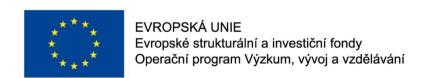
Succesors of Charles IV.



Sigismund, the Holy Roman Emperor



Wenceslaus IV.





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